

Towards International Standards in Disability Management

Brussels February 14, 2014



What is NIDMAR?

The National Institute of Disability Management and Research (NIDMAR) is:

- A not-for-profit, multi-party institute established in 1994
- Initially supported through an endowment raised by large corporations, unions, crown corporations, workers compensation boards and governments from across Canada



NIDMAR Governance Structure

Board of Directors representing key leaders in:

- Industry
- Labour
- Government
- Insurance
- Education
- Rehabilitation



NIDMAR's Mandate

- Broadly speaking, to provide leadership and innovation in reducing the socio-economic cost of disability to workers, employers and society
- Specifically, to develop leading edge policies, programs and quality standards designed to support effective Disability Management / Return to Work applications (ISO model)

NIDMAR Today

- A statutory authority in the delivery of its educational programming established through its own University (PCU-WHS)
- Authorization through the Government of British Columbia – Bill PR401 effective July 19, 2007
- Construction funding announced by Canadian Prime Minister Aug. 2009 – bldg completed 2011
- First degree proposal approved by Minister of Advanced Education for BC – August 2013
- First offering to commence Sept. 2014



NIDMAR Today

Educational program delivery of Continuing Professional Development modules currently:

- 2,200 students annually
- 24 Faculty in 5 countries
- Curriculum licensed in 16 countries



Global Business Rationale

Annually:

- 2 million work-related deaths
- 270 million work accidents
- 60 million workers suffer permanent work-related disabilities
- For a total of \$1.25 trillion US annual cost, or 4% of global GDP
- Non-occupational disability costs double this, for a total of 8% of GDP



Canadian Business Rationale

Approx. 33 million population

- 1,000 work-related deaths annually
- 30,000 permanent disabilities annually

Direct cost of workplace disability-related absenteeism

\$16.6 billion (Conference Board of Canada, 2012)



How do we influence employment rates for persons with disabilities?

- Reduce the inflow into the system
- Maximize the outflow from the system



What are the issues around the world?

- Economic / competitive
- Labour market / demographic changes
- Social justice
- Legislative



What are the metrics driving DM strategies – for employees?

- 1% hiring rate for persons with disabilities
- 60% of persons with disabilities live below the poverty line
- Disabled persons earn on average 67% of that of their non-disabled counterparts



What can we achieve with effective disability management programs?

- Reduce the socio-economic impact of disabling conditions on employers, workers and society
- Increase competitive position of businesses through cost reduction and increased productivity



What can we achieve with effective disability management programs?

- Maximize employer attachment for individuals who acquire a disabling condition
- Increase the labour force participation of people with disabilities

What can we achieve with effective disability management programs?

- Address current labour market issues:
 - increasing mental health issues
 - aging workforce
 - reduced labour force availability



DM in Context

What can be accomplished with DM?

- Reduce disability-related expenditures by 30 50%
- Reduce LTD uptake by up to 50%
- Generate a ROI of \$1:\$5–\$10
- Maintain attachment to pre-disability employer



DM in Context

What major challenges often influence DM success?

- Structural barriers
- Individual circumstances
- Attitudinal and perceptual factors
- Benefit / insurance program design and delivery
- Statutory framework



The IDMSC was created to promote quality and consensus-based professional certification and program standards in effective disability management (ISO model)



The IDMSC is a federally registered, non-profit society in Canada with Board members representing, at this point (in 2014), 16 countries



How were the IDMSC quality standards created?

\$29 million (Canadian) expenditure to date



International Labour Organization (ILO) Geneva - research initiative in 1996-1998

Evidence-based best practice research

Universal Key Success Factors

- Injury prevention and safety programs
- Health promotion and wellness programs
- Early intervention, combined with formal return to work programs
- Policies and procedures jointly endorsed by labour and management
- Benefit program design
- Internal and external communication systems

Universal Key Success Factors

- Education
- Transitional work options
- Workplace accommodations
- Identification of key workplace personnel
- Accountability
- Regulation
- Supportive enterprise cultures









Essential Skills and Competencies

- Disability management theory and practice
- Legislation and benefit programs
- Labour-management relations
- Communication and problem-solving skills
- Disability case management





Essential Skills and Competencies

- Return to work coordination
- Health, psycho-social, prevention and functional aspects of disability
- Program management and evaluation
- Ethical and professional conduct









CBDMA Description

- Measures compliance to Code of Practice
- Used for
 - Evaluation
 - Monitoring
 - Benchmarking
 - Rate setting
 - Program promotion





CBDMA Functionality

- 360 TQM tool
- Unique evidence-based, consensus-based and survey-based questions
- Administered through Certified Auditors





Elements

- Joint worker-management support and empowerment
- Responsibility, accountability and authority
- Workplace culture and policy development
- Information and communication management
- Benefit design and influences





Elements

- Knowledge and skills of the DM practitioner
- Accident prevention and safety programs
- Occupational ergonomics
- Health promotion and wellness
- Injury, disability and lost time patterns





Elements

- Disability cost benefit data
- Early intervention and worker communication protocol
- Case management procedures
- Return to work coordination
- Transitional work options
- Workplace accommodations





Scores at a Glance

	Element Name	Unit Score	National Industry Average	Global Industry Average
Element 1	Joint Worker-Management Support and Empowerment	76.8%	75%	71.8%
Element 2	Responsibility, Accountability and Authority	91.7%	67.7%	59.7%
Element 3	Workplace Culture and Policy Development	49.2%	51.7%	50.6%
Element 4	Information and Communication Management	77.9%	54%	60%
Element 5	Benefit Design and Influences	52.5%	53.1%	58.3%
Element 6	Knowledge and Skills of the Disability Management Practitioner	100%	81.2%	81.9%
Element 7	Accident Prevention and Safety Programs	89.5%	82%	81.9%
Element 8	Occupational Ergonomics	84.4%	59.4%	57.3%
Element 9	Health Promotion and Wellness	50%	56.2%	66.7%
Element 10	Injury, Disability and Lost Time Patterns	79.2%	64.6%	64.4%
Element 11	Disability Cost Benefit Data	70.8%	52.6%	50.7%
Element 12	Early Intervention and Worker Communication Protocol	86.5%	72.1%	68.2%
Element 13	Case Management Procedures	79.2%	64.6%	66.2%
Element 14	Return to Work Coordination	76.9%	67.3%	63.7%
Element 15	Transitional Work Options	86.1%	79.5%	73.6%
Element 16	Workplace Accommodations	87_5%	70.5%	61.3%
Final Score		79.9%	68%	65.4%



Context:

Partnership between British Columbia Ministry of Social Security and NIDMAR

Objective:

Reduce the inflow of people with disabilities onto the long-term disability support system



The numbers:

- British Columbia population: Approx. 4.5 million
- Persons with disabilities on social assistance: Approx. 70,000 (2007)
- Net present value of liability: \$17 billion
- Monthly increase: \$32 million
- Yearly system outflow: 0.65%



Implementation process:

- Ministry review of IDMSC professional and program standards
- Adoption for BC via Cabinet decision
- \$1 million funding allocation to support broad cross section of employers to undertake RTW/DM program assessment – included: small / medium / large – public / private – across all industry sectors white / blue collar



Implementation process:

 Effort supported through the BC Workers Compensation Board and major nonoccupational insurance carrier



Impact:

 Two major organizational RTW/DM change efforts scientifically evaluated and published – www.nidmar.ca



Highlights:

- 60% reduction in claim duration
- System notification reduced from 45 days to 3 days
- Substantial reduction in LTD uptake
- Collective agreement changes
- \$1:\$5 Return on Investment (cash basis)

SUBSECTION A - Table 2

Present Value of Lost Earnings and Retirement Pensions at Retirement Age (65) for Various Earning Levels, Income-Replacement Scenarios (Age of Disability-Onset = 35)

Age at Disability: 35

Years of Employment: 15

Discount Rate:

3.0%

Years to Retirement: 3

Social Assistance Amount: \$9,252

Present value of all lost earnings and retirement pensions, at retirement (rounded to nearest \$100) LTD scenarios Social Previous 50% 60% 30% 40% Assistance Earnings scenarios \$487.800 \$419,200 \$350,600 \$282,000 \$35,000 \$512,300 \$557,500 \$479,100 \$400,700 \$322,300 \$40,000 \$611,300 \$627,100 \$538,900 \$450,700 \$362,500 \$45,000 \$710,400 \$696,700 \$598,700 \$500,700 \$402,700 \$50,000 \$809,400 \$658,600 \$443,000 \$55,000 \$908,400 \$766,400 \$550,800 \$836,000 \$718,400 \$600,800 \$483,200 \$60,000 \$1,007,500 \$1,106,500 \$905,600 \$778,200 \$650,800 \$523,400 \$65,000 \$563,600 \$70,000 \$1,205,500 \$975,300 \$838,100 \$700,800 \$75,000 \$1,304,600 \$1,044,900 \$897.900 \$750,900 \$603,900

SUBSECTION A - Table 3

Present Value of Lost Earnings and Retirement Pensions at Retirement Age (65) for Various Earning Levels, Income-Replacement Scenarios (Age of Disability-Onset = 45)

Age at Disability: 45

Years of Employment: 25

Discount Rate:

3.0%

Years to Retirement:

Social Assistance Amount: \$9,252

		LTD scenarios			
Previous Earnings	Social Assistance scenarios	30%	40%	50%	60%
\$35,000	\$389,200	\$370,600	\$318,600	\$266,500	\$214,400
\$40,000	\$464,400	\$423,500	\$364,000	\$304,500	\$245,000
\$45,000	\$539,600	\$476,400	\$409,500	\$342,600	\$275,600
\$50,000	\$614,900	\$529,300	\$455,000	\$380,600	\$306,20
\$55,000	\$690,100	\$582,300	\$500,400	\$418,600	\$336,80
\$60,000	\$765,300	\$635,200	\$545,900	\$456,600	\$367,40
\$65,000	\$840,500	\$688,100	\$591,400	\$494,600	\$397,90
\$70,000	\$915,700	\$741,000	\$636,800	\$532,700	\$428,50
\$75,000	\$991,000	\$793,900	\$682,300	\$570,700	\$459,10

SUBSECTION B - Social Assistance Scenario 1 Family Status: Single person with a disability

Social Assistance (Disability Benefit) Gross Eligible Pension \$9,252

Age at disability-onset	Present Value of Cost (Cumulative)
25	\$260,550
35	\$220,940
45	\$167,700
55	\$96,150

SUBSECTION B - Social Assistance Scenario 2

Family Status: Two-parent family, one parent with a disability, two children

Social Assistance (Disability Benefit) Gross Eligible Pension \$17,568

Age at disability-onset	Present Value of Cost (Cumulative)
25	\$452,770
35	\$383,930
45	\$291,420
55	\$167,090

SUBSECTION D - Long-Term Disability Pension Scenario 5 Status: Eligible Contributor

Gross Eligible Pension \$42,000	
Present Value of Cost (Cumulative)	
\$1,017,510	
\$862,810	
\$654,910	
\$375,500	

SUBSECTION D - Long-Term Disability Pension Scenario 6 Status: Eligible Contributor

Long-term Disability	Gross Eligible Pension \$48,000	
Age at disability-onset	Present Value of Cost (Cumulative)	
25	\$1,156,200	
35	\$980,410	
45	\$744,170	
55	\$426.680	



IDMSC Standards Implementation Around the World

Range of approaches:

- Professional certification: CDMP & CRTWC held by statutory bodies, e.g. DGUV in Germany, SOCSO in Malaysia
- Educational programming through accredited public / private organizations with sub-licensing, e.g. universities, academies and polytechs



IDMSC Standards Implementation Around the World

Range of approaches:

 Return to Work / Disability Management program assessment protocols: CBDMA, WDMA, DMSA – held by competent and well-established public and private sector organizations www.nidmar.ca

www.pcu-whs.ca

www.idmsc.org

www.cspdm.ca

www.issa.int